

PluraSens®



Flameproof Refrigerant Detector-Transmitter

E2670-HFC

User Manual

Evikon

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Hydrofluorocarbons

HFCs are relatively non-flammable, chemically stable, and nonreactive.

Classification of halocarbon refrigerants

| Group | Refrigerants |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) | R11, R12 |
| Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC) | R22, R141b, R142b |
| Hydrofluorocarbons (HFC) | R32, R125, R134a, R143a |
| Hydrofluoroolefins (HFO) | R514a, R1234ze, R1234yf, R1336mzz |

Chlorine-containing refrigerants (CFC and HCFC) are considered to be damaging to the ozone layer and contributing to the greenhouse effect. According to the Montreal Protocol, chlorine-containing halocarbons should be completely dismissed and their manufacturing closed down. Hydrofluorocarbons (HFC) contain no chlorine and are safer for the environment. Now hydrofluorocarbons are the most commonly used halocarbon refrigerants. Hydrofluoroolefins (HFO) is the last generation of refrigerants, more environmentally friendly than HFCs, but moderately flammable (A2L Class).

Properties of selected halocarbons

| Name | Type | Components | Components weight % | Boiling point |
|---------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| R12 | CFC | CCl_2F_2 | 100 | -29.8 °C |
| R22 | CFC | CHClF_2 | 100 | -40.8 °C |
| R125 | HFC | CHF_2CF_3 | 100 | -48.5 °C |
| R134a | HCFC | $\text{CF}_3\text{CH}_2\text{F}$ | 100 | -26.2 °C |
| R143a | HCFC | CF_3CH_3 | 100 | -47.5 °C |
| R32 | HFC | CH_2F_2 | 100 | -52 °C |
| R1234yf | HFO | 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene | 100 | -30 °C |
| R1234ze | HFO | 1,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene | 100 | -19 °C |
| R404a | mixture | R125, R143a, R134a | 44:52:4 | -47.8 °C |
| R407c | mixture | R32, R125, R134a | 23:25:52 | -43 °C |

| | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|-------|----------|
| R410a | mixture | R32, R125 | 50:50 | -48.5 °C |
| <p>Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher concentrations, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures (>250°C) decomposition products may include hydrofluoric acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.</p> <p>An escape of refrigerant through a leak may damage the refrigerating facilities.</p> | | | | |

Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Sensor type | Metal oxide semiconductor |
| Sampling method | Diffusion |
| Typical detection range | 0...1000 / 2500 ppm |
| Resolution / digital unit | 1 ppm |
| Response time T90 | < 120 s |
| Sensor lifetime | > 5 years |
| Calibration interval | 12 months |
| Signal update | Every 1 second |
| Power supply | 12...36 VDC (default), 24 VAC or 230 VAC as options |
| Power consumption | < 2 VA |
| Analog outputs | 2 × 4-20 mA / 0-10 V, user settable |
| Output scale width | > 10 × resolution Recommended: 20-100% of the detection range |
| Outputs assignment | OUT1 2 gas; OUT2 2 gas |
| Load resistance | $R_L < (U_s - 2 \text{ V}) / 22 \text{ mA}$ for 4-20 mA $R_L > 250 \text{ k}\Omega$ for 0-10 V mode |
| Digital interface | RS485, Modbus RTU protocol No galvanic isolation |
| Cable connections | Screwless spring-loaded terminals |
| Enclosure | Grey die-cast aluminium, wall mount, protection class IP65 |
| Dimensions | H155 × W145 × D110 mm H155 × W155 × D110 mm (with one cable gland) H155 × W165 × D110 mm (with two cable glands) |
| Protection | Flameproof, ATEX: II 3G Ex d IIC T6 Gc II 3D Ex tb IIIB Ip65 T85°C Dc |
| ATEX Approvals | Enclosure: ATEX / IECEx FTZU 03 ATEX 0207U IECEx FTZU 12.0017U II 2 G Ex db IIC Gb II 2 D Ex tb IIIC Db |

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| | <p>Glands: ATEX / IECEx EESF 19 ATEX 023X</p> <p>II 2G Ex db IIC Gb II 2D Ex tb IIIC Db IP66</p> |
| CE marking | <p>According to 2014/30/EU and 2014/34/EU, EN 61000-6-3:2020, EN 61326-1:2013 (EMC, Emissions) EN 61000-6-1:2019, EN 61000-6-2:2019, EN 61326-2-1:2013 (EMC, Immunity) EN 60079-0:2018, EN 60079-1:2014, EN 60079-31:2014, EN 60079-29-1:2016, EN 60079-29-2:2015, EN 60079-29-3:2014</p> |
| Operating conditions | <p>-30...+60 °C; <95% RH non-condensing, 0,9...1,1 atm Explosion-safe zones and ATEX Zones 2 and 22 Normal ambient oxygen level Avoid exposure to corrosive gases, carbon disulfide or silicon containing volatile products</p> |
| Relay option | |
| Output relays | 2 × SPST relays (closing contact), 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 5 A max |
| Alarm setpoints | Minimum 250 ppm |


Product description

E2670 is a series of flameproof gas detectors-transmitters intended for operation in safe zones and ATEX Zones 2 and 22. E2670 series devices are based on the PluraSens® multifunctional platform and provide all its features. The instruments utilize gas sensors of various types with excellent repeatability, stability, and long lifetime.

The E2670 series provides two independent analog outputs OUT1 and OUT2, user-selectable to 4-20 mA or 0-10 V, proportional to gas concentrations. RS485 Modbus RTU digital communication interface allows easy instrument configuration and integration into various automation systems.

The following features are available as an option:

- Two relays RE1 and RE2 with closing contacts. Relay outputs can be used to switch alarm sirens, ventilation fans, shut-off valves, or other actuators,
- 24 VAC or 230 VAC as options for power supply.

The version of your detector is marked on the package. If the symbol  is marked on the equipment, consult the documentation for further information.

Safety requirements

Misuse will impair the protection of the product. Always adhere to the safety provisions applicable in the country of use.

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on. Do not let water or foreign objects inside the device.

Removal of the PCB from the enclosure voids the warranty. Do not touch the electronic components directly, as they are sensitive to static electricity.

Connection diagrams can be found in the electrical connections section. The device might not perform correctly or be damaged if the wrong power supply is connected.

It is crucial to tighten properly all the thread connections (screws, cable glands). Use ATEX certified armored cables or cable conduits that are rated for use in the desired environment.

A disconnecting device that is marked as such and easily accessible should be included in the installation of this product.

The device should be properly earthed.

Operating conditions

The device should be used in a basic electromagnetic environment, where the latter is defined in EN 61326-1. Avoid strong mechanical shock and vibrations. Although E2670 series devices are suitable for use in the presence of flammable dust, special precautions should be taken when operating in a dusty environment. Dust may block the porous filter of the sensor and compromise the results of the measurement. The detector should be inspected regularly if used in a dusty atmosphere. Keep the instrument away from direct sunlight. A sudden temperature or humidity change might affect the sensitivity of the sensor. Make sure that installation and maintenance are performed in an explosion safe atmosphere.

Installation guidelines

Before proceeding with the installation it is mandatory to read the Safety requirements section and make sure to comply with all listed instructions. Installation standards EN 60079-29-2 and EN 45544-4 are also recommended for further instructions and related information about the installation. During the installation of the detector-transmitter the following points must be considered:

- Application (air quality control or leakage detection.)
- Properties of the space under investigation (room geometry, direction, and velocity of airflows, etc.),
- Halocarbons are heavier than air and tend to sink. The sensor should be placed near the floor.
- The device should be accessible for maintenance and repair.

The aforementioned conditions above will affect the coverage area of the device. However, the coverage area for a detector-transmitter is usually between 2.5 to 5 meters radius.

For early leakage detection, install the sensor as close as possible to the potential leakage sources (flanges, valves, pressure reducers, pumps, etc.), taking into consideration other points listed above.

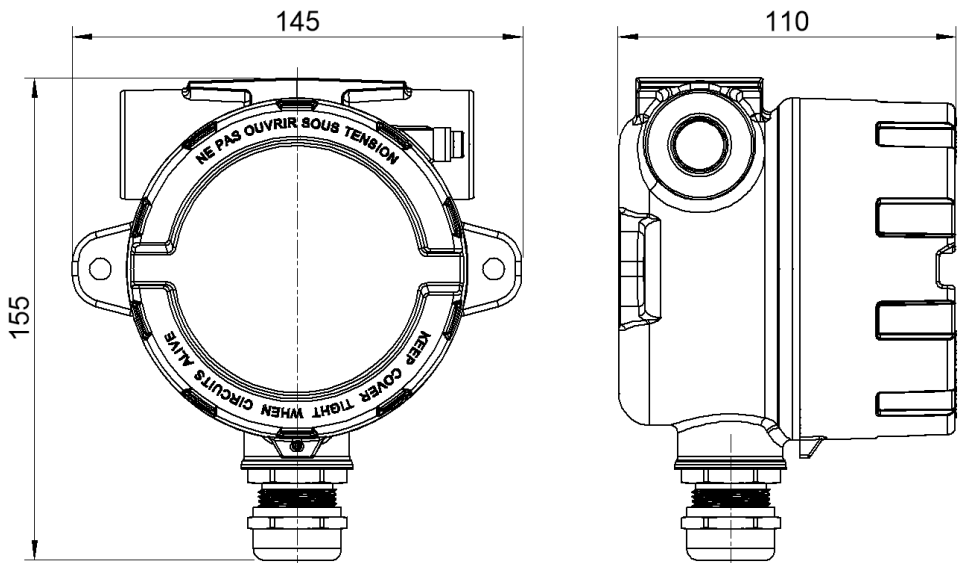
For general area monitoring without definite leakage sources, the detectors should be distributed evenly in the room.

For personal safety control, the detectors are installed in the breathing zone (at the height of the head of people or animals). The recommended sensor position is vertical, pointing downwards.

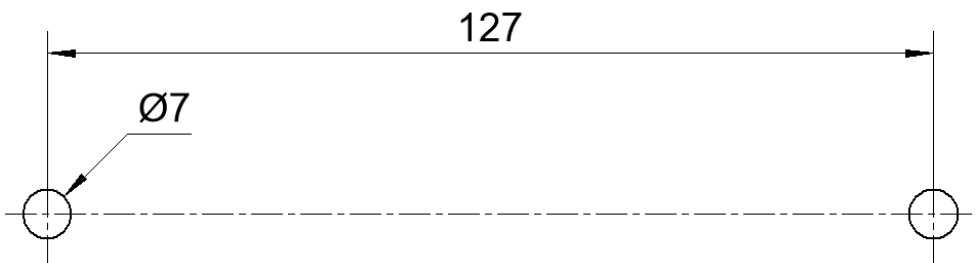
The device is fixed on the wall using two fixing holes located outside the sealed area of the device (see dimensional drawing). Unscrew and detach the lid from the detector. Fix the detector on the wall and earth the enclosure using an earthing terminal on the side of the device.

NOTE! Never perform installation or maintenance in an explosive atmosphere!

Mounting dimensions

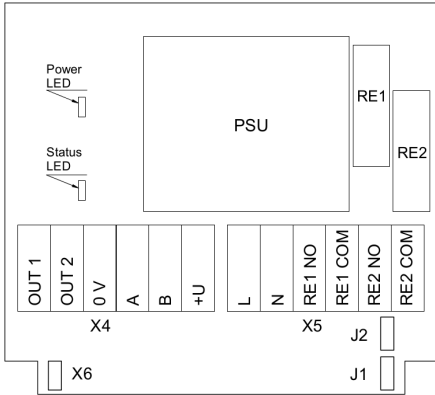


Mounting holes

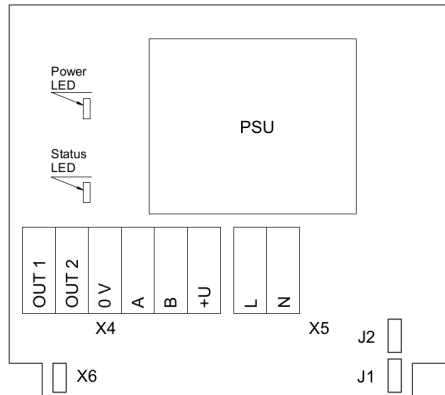


Electrical connections

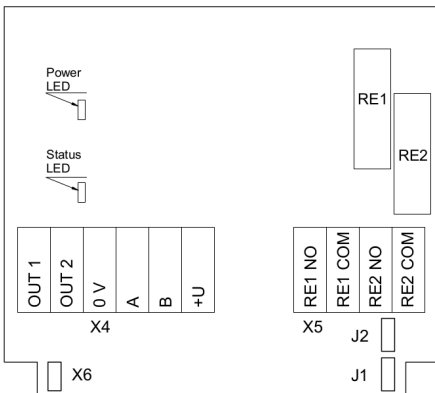
Unscrew lid from the device. Use the M20 cable gland to let in cables of the power supply and of the external devices. Attach the power cable to the device without turning it on. Using the connection diagram below, connect the analog outputs and digital interface terminals to the relevant devices according to your tasks.



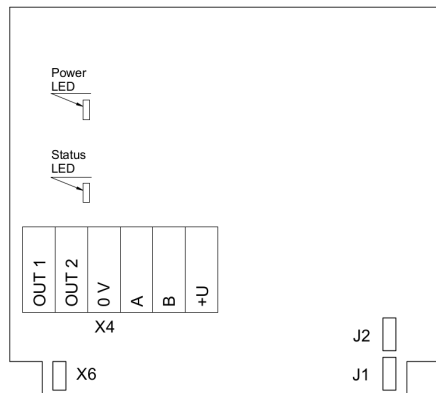
Version with PSU and relays



Version with PSU and without relays



Version without PSU and with relays



Version without PSU and relays

| Jumpers | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| J1 | OUT1 type (open: 4-20 mA; closed 0-10 V) |
| J2 | OUT2 type (open: 4-20 mA; closed 0-10 V) |
| X6 | Reset Modbus network parameters to default |
| X4 terminals | |
| OUT1 | 4-20 mA / 0-10 V output |
| OUT2 | 4-20 mA / 0-10 V output |
| 0V | 0 V / 24 VAC Neutral (optional) |
| A | RS485 A / Data + |
| B | RS485 B / Data - |
| +U | +24 VDC / 24 VAC Phase (optional) |
| X5 terminals (optional) | |
| L | 90...265 VAC Phase |
| N | 90...265 VAC Neutral |
| RE1 NO | Relay 1, normally open terminal |
| RE1 COM | Relay 1, common terminal |
| RE2 NO | Relay 2, normally open terminal |
| RE2 COM | Relay 2, common terminal |

The screwless quick connect spring terminals on the E2670 series devices are suitable for a wide range of wires with a cross-section of 0.2...1.5 mm². We recommend striping the wire end by 8...9 mm and using wire end sleeves.

To connect the wire, insert the wire end into the terminal hole. To disconnect, push the spring-loaded terminal lever, pull the wire out, and release the lever.

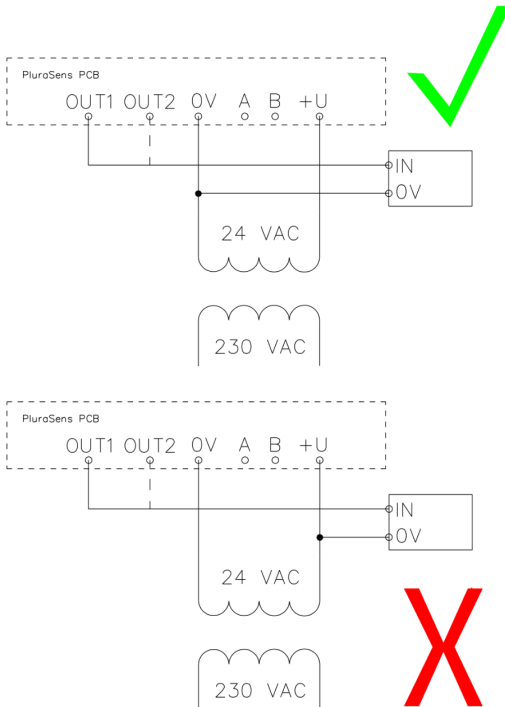
To connect the device to an RS485 network, use a twisted pair cable with construction suitable for the application, and with a core diameter of at least 0.5 mm². A and B on the device represent DATA+ and DATA- respectively, polarity must be respected when connecting to an external RS485 network.

Both analog outputs can be independently changed between 4-20 mA and 0-10 V type using jumpers J1 (OUT1) and J2 (OUT2). By closing pins on a specific jumper the related output is 0-10 V, with an open jumper the output is 4-20 mA. Power restart is required after changing the position of the jumpers.

NOTE! The outputs are not galvanically isolated from the external power supply and share a common 0V. Allowed load resistance limits are stated in the Specifications table. To power the instrument from an external power source, connect terminals 0V and +U to the source. If the integrated mains power supply module is used, connect terminals L and N to the mains.

NOTE! Actuator short-circuits should be avoided, to protect the instrument relays using external fuses or safety switches.

Correct and incorrect cabling for 24 VAC



Operation

Turn on the power. The instrument warm-up time takes about 1 minute after switching on and the final sensor stabilization time to maximum accuracy takes about 30 minutes, but depending on the sensor type, it can take up to several hours. The operating status is indicated by the LED on the PCB of the device. The control LED (red) response to different processes is presented in the following table:

| Mode | LED mode |
|---|---------------------------------|
| During calibration mode or sensor heating period (if activated) | 0.5 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| Relay 1 turned on | Blinking 1 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| Relay 2 turned on | Blinking 2 Hz (50% on, 50% off) |
| During the Modbus communication cycle | Short on-off pulses |
| Normal operating/measurement | Continuously on or off |

Make sure that the detector-transmitter is properly mounted, the external devices connected, the power LED (green) on, and the control LED (red) is constantly lit. Make certain that the cable glands are properly tightened to ensure the conformity to IP65 protection class. Screw the lid back. The device is ready to use.

Maintenance

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on.

Clean the device with a soft damp cloth. Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents. Do not immerse the device in water or any cleaning media.

Calibration

E2670-HFC detectors-transmitters have been calibrated by the Manufacturer with standard gas mixtures before delivery. Provided that the sensor is used under moderate conditions, field recalibration is recommended every 12 months. Please contact your dealer for more information.

Delivery set

- Detector-transmitter E2670
- Mounting accessories:
 - 2 screws with plastic dowels

Order code for E2670-HFC options

| E2670 options | Order code |
|---|-----------------|
| Integrated 90...265 V mains power supply module | E2670-HFC-230 |
| Integrated 24 VAC power supply module | E2670-HFC-24VAC |
| Two SPST relays | E2670-HFC-R |
| Glands from both sides | E2670-HFC-GBS |

Configuring

A standard configuration kit includes a USB-RS485 converter, fixed flow regulator, gas tubing with applicators, and a software pack. Please contact your Seller for more information.

Detectors-transmitters E2670 share all functionalities of the PluraSens® multifunctional platform. The features and options include:

- Digital output change rate-limiting filter
- Digital integrating (averaging) filter
- Free assignment of each analog output to the chosen parameter
- Flexible setting of analog output scales for each output
- Output zero and slope adjustment for calibration
- Free assignment of each of two relays to the chosen parameter
- Several relay control logic modes
- Switch delays and minimum on/off state durations for each relay

The output scales can be changed by Modbus commands by using the configuration software and the standard configuration kit (see Modbus RTU Communication).

Return to default settings

To reset the device's Slave ID, baud rate, and stop bit numbers to factory settings, proceed as follows:

1. De-energize the device
2. Connect the X6 jumper
3. Turn on the device
4. De-energize the device
5. Disconnect the X6 jumper
6. Turn on the device

NOTE! Cables should be connected / disconnected from PCB when the power supply is unplugged. Connecting or Disconnecting Live wires can result in Corrupt Firmware.

Modbus RTU Communication

RS485 communication interface

| | |
|---|---|
| Databits: 8 Parity: none / odd / even Stop bits: 1 or 2 Protocol: Modbus RTU | Supported Modbus functions: 03 – Read multiple registers 06 – Write a single register |
|---|---|

Communication parameters

| Parameter | Permitted values | Default |
|----------------------|---|---------|
| Supported baud rates | 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 | 9600 |
| Data bits | 8 | 8 |
| Parity | none / odd / even | none |
| Stop bits | 1, 2 | 1 |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU | |
| Modbus functions | 03 - Read multiple registers 06 - Write a single register | |
| Error codes | 01 – Illegal function 02 – Illegal data address 03 – Illegal data value 04 – Slave device failure (details of last error 04 can be read from register 0x0008) | |

Modbus holding registers

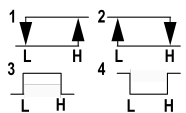
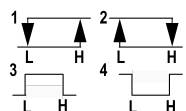
Register addresses are shown 0-based, Address in hexadecimal, Reg in decimal format. Modbus holding register numbers MHR are shown in the decimal 1-based format and may be addressed either from 00001 or 40001 base.

| Address | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|---------|-----------|----|--------------------------|--|---------|
| 0x0001 | 1 / 40002 | R | Hardware version | | - |
| 0x0002 | 2 / 40003 | R | Software version | | - |
| 0x0003 | 3 / 40004 | R | Product serial number | 1...65535 | - |
| 0x0004 | 4 / 40005 | RW | Slave ID (net address) * | 1...247 ** | 1 |
| 0x0005 | 5 / 40006 | RW | Baud rate * | 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 | 9600 |

| | | | | | |
|--------|------------|----|--|--|----|
| 0x0006 | 6 / 40007 | RW | Response delay, ms | 1...255 | 10 |
| 0x0007 | 7 / 40008 | RW | Stop bits, parity bit * | 1 – No parity bit, 1 stop bit (default after factory reset) 2 – No parity bit, 2 stop bits 3 – Odd parity, 1 stop bit 4 – Even parity, 1 stop bit NOTE: 3 and 4 are available starting from the Software version 0x218 (dec. 536) | 1 |
| 0x0008 | 8 /40009 | R | Last error code | 1...255 | - |
| 0x0011 | 17 / 40018 | RW | Technological: age of last data in seconds (read) / restart (write) | 0...65535 s (read), writing 42330 restarts the instrument | - |

| 0x00A5 | 165 / 40166 | RW | Zero adjustment for gas data, ADC | -32000...+32000 ADC units | 0 |
|---------|-------------|----|--|--|---------|
| 0x00A6 | 166 / 40167 | RW | Slope adjustment for gas data | 1...65535 | 512 |
| 0x00A7 | 167 / 40168 | RW | The change rate limit for gas units /s | 1...32000, 0 - no limit | 0 |
| 0x00A8 | 168 / 40169 | RW | Integrating filter time constant, s | 1...32000 (seconds), 0 - no filter | 0 |
| Address | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
| 0x00C9 | 201 / 40202 | RW | Parameter tied to analog output 1 | 0 – None 2 – Gas concentration 9 – Forced Modbus control, value set in MHR / 40204 | 2 |
| 0x00CA | 202 / 40203 | RW | Parameter tied to analog output 2 | 0 – None 2 – Gas concentration 9 – Forced Modbus control, value set in MHR / 40205 | 2 |
| 0x00CB | 203 / 40204 | RW | Forced value for analog output 1*** | 0...1000 (0.0%...100.0% of output scale) | 0 |
| 0x00CC | 204 / 40205 | RW | Forced value for analog output 2*** | 0...1000 (0.0%...100.0% of output scale) | 0 |
| 0x00D3 | 211 / 40212 | RW | Parameter tied to relay RE1 | 0 – none 2 – gas concentration 9 – control by Modbus control, state set in MHR / 40214 | 2 |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 0x00D4 | 212 / 40213 | RW | Parameter tied to relay RE2 | 0 – none 2 – gas concentration 9- – control by Modbus control, state set in MHR / 40215 | 2 |
| 0x00D5 | 213 / 40214 | RW | Forced state for relay RE1*** | 0 – off, 1 – on | 0 |
| 0x00D6 | 214/ 40215 | RW | Forced state for relay RE2*** | 0 – off, 1 – on | 0 |
| 0x00D7 | 215 / 40216 | RW | Switching delay for relay RE1 | 0...1000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00D8 | 216 / 40217 | RW | Switching delay for relay RE2 | 0...1000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00D9 | 217 / 40218 | RW | Minimal on/off time for relay RE1 | 0...1000 (s) | 0 |
| 0x00DA | 218 / 40219 | RW | Minimal on/off time for relay RE2 | 0...1000 (s) | 0 |

| Address | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|---------|-------------|----|-----------------------------|---|---------|
| 0x00DB | 219 / 40220 | RW | Control logic for relay RE1 |  <p>0 – none 1 – relay on at high values 2 – relay on at low values 3 – relay on at values within the range 4 – relay on for the values out of the range</p> | 0 |
| 0x00DC | 220 / 40221 | RW | Control logic for relay RE2 |  <p>0 – none 1 – relay on at high values 2 – relay on at low values 3 – relay on at values within the range 4 – relay on for the values out of the range</p> | 0 |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 0x00DD | 221 / 40222 | RW | LOW setpoint for relay RE1 | 0...65535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
| 0x00DE | 222 / 40223 | RW | HIGH setpoint for relay RE1 | 0...65535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
| 0x00DF | 223 / 40224 | RW | LOW setpoint for relay RE2 | 0...65535 (gas units) | see Specifications |
| 0x00E0 | 224 / 40225 | RW | HIGH setpoint for relay RE2 | 0...65535 (gas units) | see Specifications |

| Address | Reg / MHR | RW | Description | Supported values (dec) | Default |
|---------|-------------|----|---|---|--------------|
| 0x00FF | 255 / 40256 | RW | Sensor, analog outputs, LED and buzzer status | bit[0]=0/1 – sensor present/absent, read-only! bit[1]=0/1 – analog outputs deactivated/activated, bit[2]= 0/1 – in case the sensor is absent, turn signaling off/on analog output1, bit[3]=0/1 – in case the sensor is absent, turn on signaling with low current/high current on analog output1; if bit[2]=0 this bit will be ignored, bit[4]=0/1 – in case of sensor absent, turn signaling off/on analog output2 bit[5]=0/1 – in case of sensor absent, turn on signaling with low current/high current on analog output2; if bit[4]=0 this bit will be ignored, bit[6]=0/1 – current/voltage output detected on output1, read-only! bit[7]=0/1 – current/voltage output detected on output2, read-only! bit[8]=0/1 – LED deactivated/activated, bit[9]=0/1 – buzzer deactivated/activated bit[10]=0/1 – LED is on/off in normal condition bit[11]=0/1 – LED and buzzer syncing off/on with RE1 bit[12]=0/1 – LED and buzzer syncing off/on with RE2 | user defined |

| | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|----|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 0x0101 | 257 / 40258 | R | Raw gas sensor data | 0...4095, ADC units | |
| 0x0103 | 259 / 40260 | R | Gas concentration, gas units | signed integer, -32000...+32000 (gas units) | |
| 0x0105 | 261 / 40262 | RW | 0% value for analog output 1 | -32000...+32000 gas units | User defined |
| 0x0106 | 262 / 40263 | RW | 100% value for analog output 1 | -32000...+32000 gas units | User defined |
| 0x0107 | 263 / 40264 | RW | 0% value for analog output 2 | -32000...+32000 gas units | User defined |
| 0x0108 | 264 / 40265 | RW | 100% value for analog output 2 | -32000...+32000 gas units | User defined |

* – The new value is applied after restart.

** – Broadcast slave ID 0 can be used to assign a new ID to the instrument with an unknown ID. When addressing by ID 0 the device shall be the only Modbus instrument in the network. The device will not respond to the Master command when addressed by ID 0.

*** – This value is dynamic and not kept in EEPROM after a restart.

Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of the original sale. During this warranty period, the Manufacturer will, at its option, either repair or replace a product that proves to be defective. This warranty is void if the product has been operated in conditions outside ranges specified by the Manufacturer or damaged by customer error or negligence or if there has been an unauthorized modification.

Manufacturer contacts

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