

Solvent Vapor Detector

E2610-VOC

User Manual



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Acetone

A colorless organic solvent with a characteristic pungent odor that is volatile and flammable with the chemical formula $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$.

Synonyms/Trade Names: Dimethyl ketone, Ketone propane, 2-Propanone.

Chemical formula	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$	
Molar weight	58	
Relative gas density (to air)	2.0	
Conversion*	1 ppm = 2.38 mg/m ³	
Boiling point	56.11 °C	
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air	2.5	
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air	12.8	
Odor	Characteristic pungent smell	
Hazards	Highly flammable. Slightly toxic in normal use. Irritant causing mild skin irritation and moderate to severe eye irritation. At high vapor concentrations, it may depress the CNS.	
Exposure limits	8 hours (2000/39/EC)	1900 mg/m ³ / 500 ppm
	NIOSH REL TWA	590 mg/m ³ /250 ppm
	IDLH (NIOSH)	2500 ppm [10%LEL]

Benzene

A colorless liquid with an aromatic odor that is highly flammable with the molecular formula C_6H_6 .

Synonyms/Trade Names: Benzol, Phenyl hydride.

Chemical formula		C_6H_6 
Molar weight		78
Relative gas density (to air)		2.69
Conversion*		1 ppm = 3.19 mg/m ³
Boiling point		80 °C
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air		1.2
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air		7.8
Odor		Hyacinth-like odor
Hazards		Highly flammable. Irritant. Carcinogen. May cause dizziness; headache, nausea, staggering gait; anorexia, lassitude. Target organs: eyes, skin, respiratory system, blood, central nervous system, bone marrow.
Exposure limits (NIOSH REL)	Ca TWA	0.319 mg/m ³ / 0.1 ppm
	STEL 15 minutes	1 ppm
	Ca IDLH	500 ppm

Terms and abbreviations

TWA: time-weighted average concentration for up to 8-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek.

STEL: 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday.

IDLH (immediately dangerous to life or health): likely to cause death or immediate or delayed permanent adverse health effects escape from such an environment.

REL: recommended exposure limits.

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health): the US federal agency responsible for conducting research and making recommendations for the prevention of work-related injury and illness.

Ethanol

A clear colorless liquid with a faintly sweet odor and pungent taste.

Synonyms/Trade Names: ethyl, alcohol.

Chemical formula	CH ₃ CH ₂ OH	
Molar weight	46	
Relative gas density (to air)	1,59	
Conversion*	1 ppm = 1.89 mg/m ³	
Boiling point	78.37°C	
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air	3 - 3.3	
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air	19	
Odor	The characteristic smell of alcohol	
Hazards	Highly flammable. Gas/air mixtures are explosive. Inhalation of vapors leads to cough, headache, fatigue, and drowsiness. High concentrations may damage the fetus. Repeated high exposure may affect the liver and the nervous system.	
Exposure limits according to Commission Directive 2006/15/EC	TWA 8 hours	1210 mg/m ³ / 1000 ppm
	STEL 15 minutes	-

Ethyl acetate

A colorless organic compound with a sweet pear-like smell that is highly flammable.

Synonyms/Trade Names: ethyl ester, acetic ester, EA, EtOAc.

Chemical formula	$C_4H_8O_2$		
Molar weight			88
Conversion*			1 ppm = 3.60 mg/m ³
Boiling point			77.1 °C
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air			2
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air			11.5
Odor			Sweet "pear" smell
Hazards			Flammable. Short-term exposure to high levels of ethyl acetate results first in irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat, followed by headache, nausea, vomiting, sleepiness, and unconsciousness.
Exposure (NIOSH) limits	TWA 8 hours	1400 mg/m ³ /400 ppm	
	IDLH	2000 ppm [10%LEL]	

Toluene

A clear, colorless liquid with a sweet smell that is highly flammable.

Synonyms/Trade Names: methylbenzene, phenylmethane.

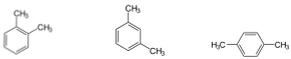
Chemical formula	$C_6H_5CH_3$		
Molar weight			92
Conversion*			1 ppm = 3.77 mg/m ³
Boiling point			110.7°C
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air			1.1 - 1.27
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air			6.75–7.1
Odor			Characteristic "chemical" smell
Hazards	<p>Highly flammable. Gas/air mixtures are explosive. Inhalation possible effects: irritation eyes, nose; lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation (discharge of tears); anxiety, muscle fatigue, insomnia; paraesthesia; dermatitis; liver, kidney damage</p>		
Exposure limits according to Commission Directive 2006/15/EC	TWA	192 mg/mm ³ / 50 ppm	
	STEL	384 mg/mm ³ / 100 ppm	

Xylene

A colorless, flammable liquid with a chemical smell. Xylenes are produced by the methylation of toluene and benzene.

The term is used for any of three isomers of dimethylbenzene, or a combination thereof.

Synonyms/Trade Names: xylol, dimethylbenzene.

Chemical formula	$C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$		
Isomers	 <i>ortho-xylene</i> <i>meta-xylene</i> <i>para-xylene</i>		
Molar weight	106		
Conversion*	1 ppm = 4.34 mg/m ³		
Boiling point	144.4 °C	139 °C	138.35 °C
Low explosive limit (LEL), % vol. in air	0.9 - 1.1		
Upper explosive limit (UEL), % vol. in air	6.0–7.0		
Odor	Characteristic “chemical” smell		
Hazards	Flammable. Inhaling can cause dizziness, headache, drowsiness, and nausea.		
Exposure limits according to Commission Directive 2000/39/EC	TWA 8 hours	221 mg/mm ³ / 50 ppm	
	STEL 15 minutes	442 mg/mm ³ / 100 ppm	

Conversion of ppm to mg/m³ is calculated for 25°C and 1 atm.

Specifications

Detected gas	Acetone, Benzene, Ethanol, Ethyl Acetate, Toluene, Xylenes, etc	
Default calibration	Toluene	
Sensor type	Metal oxide semiconductor	
Sampling method	Diffusion	
Detection range	0...100% LEL	0...500 ppm
Alarm setpoints (release-LOW-HIGH)	7 - 10 - 25 %LEL	70 - 100 - 300 ppm
Resolution / digital unit	0.1% LEL	1 ppm
Response time	<120 seconds	
Sensor lifetime	> 5 years	
Calibration interval	12 months	
Power supply	24 VDC/AC \pm 20% (default) or 230 VAC (optional)	
Power consumption	< 2 VA	
Digital interface	UART	
Relay outputs	2 \times SPDT, max 5 A, 30 VDC / 250 VAC	
Alarm	Buzzer 85 dB	
Enclosure	ABS plastic with ventilation slots, wall-mount, protection class IP20	
Dimensions	H85 \times W85 \times D37 mm	
CE marking	According to 2014/30/EU and 2014/35/EU, EN 50491-4-1:2012 EN 61000-6-3:2020, EN 61326-1:2013(EMC, emissions) EN 61000-6-1:2019, EN 61000-6-2:2019(EMC, Immunity) EN 60079-29-1:2016, EN 60079-29-2:2015 and EN 60079-29-3:2014	
Operating conditions	-40...+70 °C, <95% RH without condensation, 0,9...1,1 atm Explosion-safe areas, Normal ambient oxygen level Avoid strong mechanical shock, vibrations, or EMI Avoid exposure to corrosive gases.	

Product description

E2610 series gas detectors are compact and easy-to-use instruments. The devices utilize novel fully calibrated and temperature compensated gas sensors with excellent repeatability, stability, and long lifetime.

Two relays with switch-over contact may be used for remote signaling or ventilation control. Flashing LED and an internal buzzer give alarms at two setpoints.

Safety requirements

Misuse will impair the protection of the product. Always adhere to the safety provisions applicable in the country of use.

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on. Do not let water or foreign objects inside the device.

Removal of the PCB from the enclosure voids the warranty. Do not touch the electronic components directly, as they are sensitive to static electricity.

Connection diagrams can be found in the connections section. The device might not perform correctly or be damaged if the wrong power supply is connected.

External circuits connected to the equipment should have sufficient insulation rating according to the environmental conditions and equipment power.

A disconnecting device that is marked as such and easily accessible should be included in the installation of this product.

Operating conditions

The device should be used both in a non-hazardous indoor area and in a basic electromagnetic environment, where the latter is defined in EN 61326-1. Avoid strong mechanical shock and vibrations. Avoid corrosive atmosphere and areas highly contaminated with dust, oil mist, etc. Keep the instrument away from direct sunlight. A sudden temperature or humidity change might affect the sensitivity of the sensor.

Installation guidelines

There are no precise rules or standards to follow when installing gas detectors. The following points must be taken into account:

- Application (the instrument is intended for leakage control.)
- Properties of the space under investigation (room geometry, direction, and velocity of airflows, etc.),
- Solvent vapors are heavier than air and tend to sink. Consider, if the vapors are heated or not if the detector is used for fire safety (LEL range) or air quality control (0...100 to 0...1000 ppm range), etc.
- The device should be accessible for maintenance and repair.

The aforementioned conditions above will affect the coverage area of the device. however, the coverage area for a detector is usually between 2.5 to 5 meters radius.

For early leakage detection install the sensor as close as possible to the potential leakage sources (flanges, valves, pressure reducers, pumps, etc.), taking into consideration other points listed above.

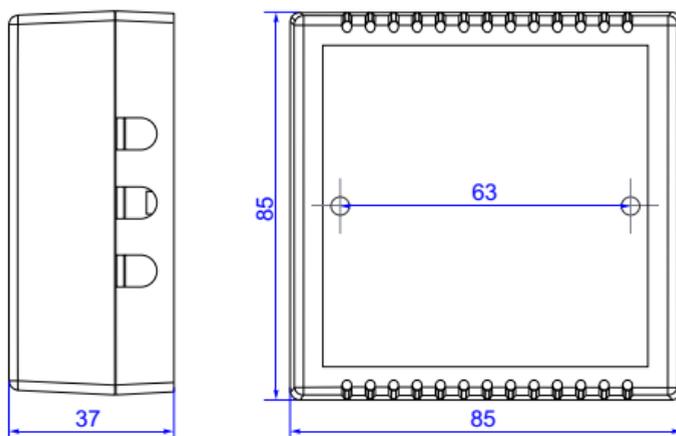
For general area monitoring without definite leakage sources, the detector should be distributed evenly in the room.

Do not locate the detector close to ventilation openings and strong air currents. Avoid the areas without air circulation (corners, niches) as well.

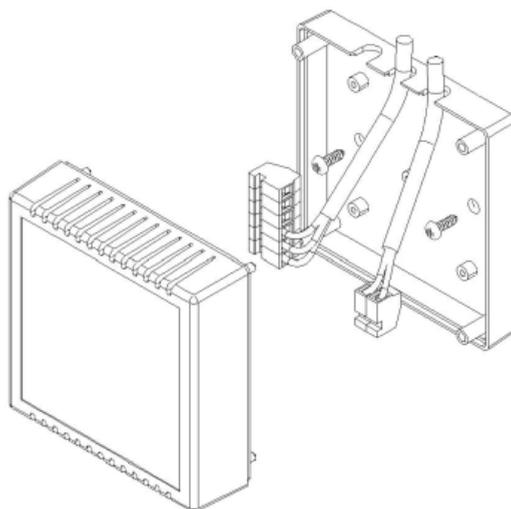
For personal safety control, the detectors are installed in the breathing zone (at the height of the head of people or animals). The recommended sensor position is vertical, pointing downwards.

Connections

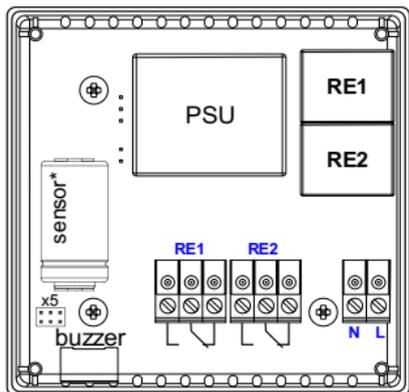
1. Detach the base of the enclosure by gently pulling along four guiding pins.
2. Attach the base to the wall with two screws. (see drawings below).



3. Use rounded cutouts on the side of the base to let in the cables from the power supply and of the external devices as shown below.



For easier connection, terminal blocks of E2610 series devices are removable. To dismount the terminal block, pull it off from the PCB. Connect the power terminals N and L to the 24 V power source if you are using detector version -24 or to 230 V AC mains if you are using detector version -230 (see diagram below).



*Sensors may have different shape and/or size

Terminals	
RE1 NO	Relay 1, normally open terminal
RE1 COM	Relay 1, common terminal
RE1 NC	Relay 1, normally closed terminal
RE2 NO	Relay 2, normally open terminal
RE2 COM	Relay 2, common terminal
RE2 NC	Relay 2, normally closed terminal
L	90...265 VAC Phase (optional 24 VAC / VDC)
N	90...265 VAC Neutral (optional 24 VAC / VDC)

The terminals on the E2610 series devices are suitable for a wide range of wires with cross-section 0,2...1,5 mm². We recommend to strip the wire end by 5...6 mm and tin it, or to use the wire end sleeves. To connect the wire, loosen the screw, insert the wire end into the terminal hole and tighten the screw.

Connect external devices. Relay switch-over outputs may be used to control directly 24 V or 230 V (for versions -24 and -230 respectively) powered alarm sirens, ventilation fans, shut-off valves, or other actuators. Attach terminal blocks to the board.

4. Push enclosure to the base.

Operation

Turn on the power. During the first ca.60 seconds after powering on E2610 performs a warming-up and self-diagnostic routine, indicated by the flashing of each LED. The upper dual-color LED remains continuously green in normal operation and blinks red in case of device or sensor fault.

The warm-up time depends on the sensor type, unpowered period, and atmosphere. During the first 30 seconds after powering on you may select the automatic or manual mode of alarm release. By shortly (< 2 s) pressing the button on the device's front panel you enable the automatic mode, by pressing the button for 2...10 s – manual mode. The activation of the automatic mode is followed by a single LED blinking and acoustic signal. If manual mode is activated, the double acoustic and light signal follows.

If the gas concentration exceeds the LOW alarm setpoint, the bottom red LED starts flashing at a rate of 1 Hz, and the relay RE1 switches over. The first alarm stops automatically if the gas concentration drops below 70% of the LOW alarm setpoint.

If the gas level exceeds the HIGH alarm setpoint, the bottom red LED starts flashing and the buzzer starts beeping at a rate of 2 Hz, and also the relay RE2 switches over. Depending on the selected release mode, the HIGH alarm stops automatically or can be stopped by pressing the button, on the condition that the gas level has dropped below 70% of the LOW alarm setpoint.

Beyond the warm-up period, holding down the button for 2...10 seconds and releasing causes E2610 to reset and perform the self-diagnostic routine for testing purposes. When holding the button down for over 10 seconds, E2610 imitates the reaching of the HIGH setpoint with the respective light and sound indication and switching over the relays.

Maintenance

Do not perform any maintenance operation with the power on.

Clean the device with a soft damp cloth. Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents. Do not immerse the device in water or any cleaning media.

Calibration

E2610-VOC detectors have been calibrated by the Manufacturer with standard gas mixtures before delivery. Provided that the sensor is used under moderate conditions, field recalibration is recommended every 12 months. Please contact your dealer for more information.

Delivery set

- Solvent Vapors Detector E2610-VOC
- Mounting accessories:
 - 2 screws and 2 plastic dowel plugs

Order code for E2610-VOC options

E2610 options	Order code
Integrated 90...265 V mains power supply module	E2610-VOC-230
Integrated 24 VAC power supply module	E2610-VOC-24VAC

Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of the original sale. During this warranty period, the Manufacturer will, at its option, either repair or replace a product that proves to be defective. This warranty is void if the product has been operated in conditions outside ranges specified by the Manufacturer or damaged by customer error or negligence or if there has been an unauthorized modification.

Manufacturer contacts

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